

Options for E_r measurements from CXRS on NBI

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Observation optics options



W7X CXRS Summary

CXRS observes line emission from impurity species after charge exchange with a beam neutral.

Intensity --> n_i

Width (Doppler Broadening) --> T_i

Shift (Doppler Shift) --> V_{ϕ}/V_{θ} , V_{θ} --> E_r



W7X Beam Emission Spectroscopy Diagnostics

W7X CXRS Summary

CXRS observes line emission from impurity species after charge exchange with a beam neutral.

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Diagnostic Beam (RuDIX):

(Module 4) Can run effectively continuously (pulsed at low duty cycle) Low-current (less perturbative)

Heating Beams (NBI):

(Module 2) Max 10 seconds per box (7.5 for H, 10 for D) Very perturbative (>1MW)





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 n_i , T_i can be provided by either, but v_{ϕ} / v_{θ} depends on the viewing geometry. For W7X v_{ϕ} expected to be small, so E_r principally determined by v_{θ}

Other diagnostics:

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{XICS: } n_i, \ T_i, \ v_\theta \text{ - line integrated, limited local information in the centre. Available only with Ar puff.} \\ & (\text{Probably higher accuracy } v_\theta \text{ measurement (low stat noise) compared to CXRS.}) \\ \text{Edge Passive Spectroscopy: } T_i, \ n_i, \ v_\theta/\text{E}_r \text{ up to } T_e \ \sim \text{few x100eV.} \\ \text{Doppler Reflectometry: Very edge } E_r. \end{array}$

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Requirements for E_r:

Generally we think we'll be looking at |Er| < 50kV/m and wanting to see details down to preferably: $\delta Er \sim 2$ kV/m, At the very least: $\delta Er \sim 10$ kV/m.

 $B_{\phi} \sim 2.5T$ so $E_r{=}2kV/m$ --> $v_{\theta} \sim$ 800m/s.

Expect small values in very core, with most detail in $\rho_N > 0.5$.



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W7X NBI Active Spectroscopy Systems

All ports in the vicinity of K20/21:





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NBI as in Plasma



W7X NBI Active Spectroscopy Systems

All ports in the vicinity of K20/21:





W7X NBI Active Spectroscopy Systems

All ports in the vicinity of K20/1:





W7X Beam Emission Spectroscopy Diagnostics

NBI CXRS: More ports

Schematic:









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NBI CXRS: More ports

A21u: Very good resolution, v_{ϕ} only. Primary core T_i , n_i system.

B20^(K21): Very good resolution,
Some v_{θ}/E_r sensitivity.[B20: LiBeam (OP1.2), Visible Spec (?)
, Edge Passive Spec (OP 1.2)**B21**^(K21): Poor resolution. Better as **B21**^(K20).[B21: Sniffer Probes, ... +LiBeam??]







NBI CXRS: More ports

A21u: Very good resolution, v_{ω} only. Primary core T_i , n_i system.



45

40

35

30

25

20

10

0

-10

-20

-25

-30

-35

-40

-45

Angle to in-surface field / °

B21

A21_u

B20

1.0







NBI CXRS: More ports

A21u: Very good resolution, v_{ϕ} only. Primary core T_i , n_i system.



RuDIX M41: Good edge resolution. Excellent v_{θ} /Er sensitivity.





Schematic:

M21

N21

W21

B20(



0.2

0.4

0.6

 ho_{eff}

0.8

1.0



0.2

0.4

0.6

 ho_{eff}

0.8

-45

1.0



W7X Beam Emission Spectroscopy Diagnostics

NBI CXRS: Panel options

There is also the option of mounting heads in panels instead of ports and routing the fibres to them (All of the AUG CXRS systems are done this way).

- + Can stay for OP2 when port space is more limitied.
- + Freedom of placement gives generally better resolution.
- Very complicated design/construction.
- Fixed in-vessel components harder to maintain.





W7X Beam Emission Spectroscopy Diagnostics

NBI CXRS: Best options

Closer look at highest resolution options: The A21 system will be the primary NBI CXRS system for ni, Ti, and measures at \sim -7° to the field, so mostly parallel flow. We are looking for a measurement at an angle to this, to isolate the other component:







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Poor sensitivity is possible to overcome later with better spectrometers / longer integration etc, but spatial resolution is fixed by optics.

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FWHM(r_{eff}) / cm

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Port occupancy: **A21:** Primary core T_i, n_i system. **B21^(K20) :** Sniffer probes **M21:** Visible bulk spec, **M20:** SX Flexible camera **F21, F20:** Video diagnostics - no space. **W21:** Bolometry, **W20:** XMCTS



Er Requirements and capability

From other machines, and modelling for W7X, we can get an idea of what sensitivity to Er is required:



For Er, generally suspect that we'll be looking at |Er| < 50kV/m and wanting to see details to, at the very least ± 10 kV/m, preferably ± 2 kV/m. At B $_{\phi} \sim 2.5$ T, E_r=2kV/m --> v $_{\theta} \sim 800$ m/s.

Use the best spectrometer from ASDEX Upgrade (ITER-like from Jülich, or duplciate their best core system).

- Same NBI and the same minor radius.
- Higher ne attenuates beam in core more.
- Low Carbon content due to W wall, so they use Boron (from Boronisation) we could also do that, or C might be better.
- ITER Spectrometer: At 1.2x10²⁰, C measurements at AUG gives ±5km/s (12kV/m) at 10ms, ±2km/s (5kV/m) at long intergration (~2s, and doesn't help any more) in the core, much better at the edge.
 We would have a factor 2-3 larger errors due to 20° angle. But, our C content should be much large.

XICS will probably give higher time resolution/sensitivity than CXRS for Er but is line-integrated. Integrated analysis of XICS + CXRS will be needed for time + spacial resolution together.

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